# Evening Telegraph

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOOM (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED).

AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING. NO. 108 S. THIRD STREET.

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WEDNESDAY, JULY 10, 1867.

A Copp rhead Splurge.

Mg. BRooks, of New York, entertained the House of Representatives yesterday with an amusingly mixed-up tirade against the Reconstruction bill, in which he reminded one of a cross between George Francis Train and Petroleum V. Nasby. He travelled from Fancuil Hall to the "Plains of Marathon," and from the "tomb of Washington and the Home of Monticello" to the "Pass of Thermopyle." He compared Virginia to a "lost Pleiad." Magna Charta, King John, and the Barons were duly trotted out. The Tartars and the Dake of Alva were not forgotten. Something was said about Hungary and the Emperor of Austria, Despotism, military edicts, oppression, and several other exciting topics were discussed. Mr. Brooks grew courageously grandiloquent: "He did not know what the President of the United States would do, but he knew what he himself (that means Mr. Brooks) would do before sending this bill back to Congress. He would send Sheridan to Massachusetts and Maine, and Sickles to Walrussia to teach the Esquimaux." Having thus disposed of the irrepressible Phil. and the obnoxious Dan., Mr. Brooks next informed the wondering House what he would do in case of impeachment: "If he were President Johnson, he would never let Congress enforce upon him a law entirely subversive of the Constitution of the United States." Fortunately, as "he" is not President Johnson, but is "Booby Brooks," the country may rest easy. The earth will probably continue to revolve on its axis as usual.

It is amusing to see with what perfect indifference the country listons to the ravings of these Copperhead fanatics. Their empty declamation passes unheeded as the idle wind The people have listened to it for the past five years; it has become an old story. All this talk about "military despotism" at the South. "States annihilated," and the like, fails to awaken the slightest interest in the popular mind. And why should it? Here is this fellow Brooks-a pro-slavery doughtsee who crawled on his belly in the dust at the feet of the slave power as long as there was a slave power-what does he know about the true spirit of the Constitution, or what appreciation has he of popular rights? What right has he to take the name of Liberty on his lips, polluted by a life-long defense of slavery?

If these demagogues of the Copperhead order, like this man Brooks, could only obliterate the history of the past six years; if they could roll back the mighty revolution that has taken place during that time, and bring back the "dark ages" of pro-slavery domination in this country, then they might have a chance to do something. As it is, they are out of place. They are fossils of a former era. They lived in another age. Their time

has gone by.

The people are profoundly conscious that the nation has passed through a great war. That fact is to them a living reality, and determines their political action. They know that this reconstruction of the South is but the completion of the great work they have had in hand since 1861. They are not to be turned aside from finishing it. It is a work for the future peace and stability and freedom of the nation. The strong hand of military power is necessary at the South now, that liberty and tranquillity may prevail hereafter. The work being done there is not in the interest of despotism, but in that of freedom. The rebuilding of the political structure is going on upon a truly democratic basis; and it is this very fact that rouses the anger and excites the terror of such old-time worshippers of slavery and caste as this man Brooks. There is just where the shoe pinches. It is not despotism, but the lack of it, at the South that they mourn over.

DICKENS.-It is said that there are no less than seven different publishing houses engaged at the present time in issuing uniform editions of the works of Charles Dickens. The enormous demand which can authorize such a supply, may convey to us a feeble estimate of the great power and widespread popularity secured by that writer. In it we see very great cause for congratulation. He has ever been the advocate of the poor and the oppressed. The wrongs of the ward of Chancery received his attention in "Bleak House;" the Debtors' Prison in "Little Dorrit;" the poor who fear a pauper's place in the poorhouse in "Our Mutual Friend"-in fact, all the social tyrannies received his scathing criticism. The good he has accomplished will never be known in this world, but to him and his kind, like Tom Hood, the champion of the sewing girls, will be uttered the blessing: "Inasmuch as ye did it to the least of these, ye did it unto me."

Mr. BINGHAM OF OHIO .- A pleasant feature of the proceedings in the House of Representatives yesterday was a powerful and eloquent speech by Representative Bingham, of Ohio, in reply to Brooks, of New York. Mr. Bingham is an able though sometimes eccentric man, and was last session betrayed into a false position in seeming antagonism to the Republican party. He put himself right yesterday, both in speech and act, and was warmly congratulated by prominent Republicans.

The Passage of the Supplementary Re-

THE House of Representatives yesterday promptly passed the Supplementary Reconstruction bill reported by Mr. Stevens the day before. The bill is a brief one, and declares in section first the true intent and meaning of the acts of March 2 and March 22, 1867, commonly known as the Reconstruction acts, to have been that the then existing Governments in the late Rebel States were "illegal and void';' and that, if they were thereafter continued, they were to be subject in all respects to the military commanders of the respective districts and to the authority of Congress.

Section 2 provides that the said acts shall be construed to authorize the officer in command of any district to remove or suspend from office any person exercising authority under any so-called State Government, and to appoint another in his stead, and to set aside any act or proceeding of said so-called State Government, and also to render valid any acts heretofore done by any such military

Section 3 covers the matter of registration, providing that the oath of the party to be registered shall only be taken as prima facie evidence, liable to be contradicted by other witnesses, and by either record or parole evidence. The registrars are empowered to remove from the lists the names of persons who have been already registered, but were not entitled to be. It also provides that the Boards of Registration shall not be bound or governed in their action by any opinion of any officer of the United States Government.

Section 4 provides that no suit shall be entertained in any civil court of the United States against any officer for acts done in obedience to the requirements of the Recon-

Section 5 provides that the District Commanders shall not be removed except by the advice and consent of the Senate, or unless by sentence of a court-martial they shall have been convicted and dismissed from the army, or unless the officers themselves shall consent to such removal.

Amendments were also adopted imposing severe penalties upon any person attempting to obstruct the execution of the law, and providing that the right of any person to vote shall not be affected by a pardon from the President for having been engaged in the Rebel-

Upon this sound, straightforward, and radical measure the entire Republican strength of the House of Representatives was consolidated and it was passed by a vote of 119 yeas to 31

We could wish that this same measure might now be taken up and passed with equal promptitude and unanimity by the Senate.

Religion and Recreation not Antagonistic.

Ir is with deep regret that we notice an apparently growing antagonism between healthful recreation and professed religion It seems as though we are returning to the days of the Puritans, and smiles were to be once more considered sinful, and laughter an ungodly thing. The recent action of a General Convention of the Young Men's Christian Associations, on which we commented a few weeks since, by which they forbid the playing of billiards, and favor the exclusion of all games from the rooms, is a step which we think will be regretted by all Christians who are sensible as well as devout. It is a great mistake for the Church, or any series of religious organizations, to attempt to overstep the bounds laid down as the limits of their authority, and dictate to their members on matters exclusively personal and in no way doctrinal. The discountenancing of chess, checkers, backgammon, and dominoes is not only idle and officious, but is positively stupid, and displays an absence of a proper appreciation of what is required by hygiene, surprising in any set of well-informed men. It is doubtless delightfully instructive to contemplate "Scott's Commentaries," and to ponder over the niceties of "Butler's Analogy." And to do both of these is very right at the right time. But if a man was to do nothing but delight in Paley and Doddridge and Butler and Scott, we have our doubts whether the return of spring would not find him in the State Asylum near Media, erected for the benefit of the feebleminded and insane. Yet just such an excess does the resolution of the Young Men's Christian Association contemplate. We had, indeed, mistaken the object of that organization. We had supposed its rooms to be a place where a pleasant and harmless entertainment for an evening could be supplied to young men. But if the acme of perfection is to be, what the Chicago Association gloried in, a building in which there were allowed no games of any kind, but merely instructive conversations and edifying lectures on free-will and the character of Martin Luther, we fear that the public billiard-rooms will secure most of those whose presence in the rooms the Association professes to desire. We do

its usefulness that it is not. We have been led to refer to the action of the Convention merely because it is typical of a mistaken idea, which will, if not corrected, do much harm. We speak of an antagonism between religion and animal spirits. It is useless to attempt to keep a man quiet, and especially a young man, by merely conversing to him on lofty topics. Human nature is too frail for such a consummation, and the result of the effort will be to drive him to the reverse of what mistaken earnestness so much desires him to secure. We must take young men as we find them, and we do not find them intellectual beings, wishing only metaphysical discussions. They have energy, enthusiasm, and activity, and the Church should utiliz

not know whether such is the idea of the

organization in Philadelphia, and we hope for

these qualities to herself. The Roman Church has done so for centuries. Out of the young men she has made her race of Loyolas and Ximenes, who have been the pillars to the Papal throne. The Protestant Church should imitate her example, and turn the spirits of her followers to her own good. The first step in this direction is to surround them with all lawful pleasures that are not absolutely wicked, so as to keep them from what are pleasing but also criminal. The young will have amusement; and if it is forbidden within the pale of religious influences, they will go beyond that pale, and be gratified. We therefore think that all such organizations as that of the Young Men's Christian Association should encourage all harmless games, and by making the rooms attractive draw the lovers of amusement to themselves, and away from the gambling and the pageantry and excitement of other establishments. To do this they should be supplied with chess and all such games, and we do not think that even billiards ought to be excluded, for, in itself, it is not sinful. We know that these views will shock some of those who have not given the matter careful thought, but we live in an age of progress, and while vice in all its forms is creeping into every department, shall we not seek to correct the mistakes in our religious organizations? Any physician of enlightenment will tell the questioner that recreation is essential to health. The faculties must be relieved of strain by amusement. The deepest thinkers always have allotted to themselves hours for pleasure, in which they can throw off their mental chains and play, without an exercise of thought. It is to produce this relaxation that all who are fond of sport indulge in it. It is as necessary to the well-being of the man, and especially the young man, as sleep or food. And it is a grievous error to oppose to it the canons of the religious world. If the plan favored by the Montreal Conventionists was generally adopted, it would drive the rest of the members away from the organization; and while it might produce a Dr. Edwards or an Adam Smith, it would place half its followers in early graves, and the rest would belong to the class of "Jacks" who, with all work and no play, turned out to be very dull boys.

SENATOR TRUMBULL yesterday made one of those sound, logical, exhaustive speeches upon the Reconstruction question for which he is so justly celebrated. The opposition may declaim and denounce, but they have no arguments with which to meet the facts and deductions of the Illinois Senator.

AFFAIRS IN RICHMOND.

Pending Financial Crisis-The Chief Hotels Reported About to Close-The Appointment of Negroes on the Police Recommended-The Project of Electing a Black Mayor-Governor Pierpout's Forthcoming Address to the People of Virginia-Registration.

RICHMOND, July 9.—Rumor on the street had it to-day that three notels in this city—the Powhatan, Pollard, and Spottswood—are about being closed up or sold out. Neither of the three has been paying for some time, and even the Exchange, which has the name of receiving the Hon's snare of Southern patronage, was unable a few days ago to meet a bill, falling due on Broad street, the Bowery of Richmond. Paralytic symptoms have attacked all kinds of business. Two stores closed to-day, and the average number now along the street, either for rent or for sale, reckous three on every

The city territory having been extended, sixteen extra policemen were put on duty last evening within the new acquisition. In con-nection with this, General Brown, of the Freed-men's Bureau, denied to-day the report giving him credit for issuing an order to the Mayor to appoint half of the additional force of police-men from the negro population. He, however, advises the step to be taken, as it must inevita-

bly come.

The quarterly report of the First National Bank, published this morning, shows its resources to aggregate over \$1,500,000, consisting in part of \$200,000 in United States bonds. The profit, after ded amounts to \$32 000. deducting expenses and loss, The Examiner of this morning believes that

if the negroes can elect a black Mayor in this city, they will do so and snub the demoralized whites. In a county near Richmond a negro is a candidate for the Convention, who cannot

write.

A scrap of Governor Pierpont's address to the people of Virginia, expected in full next week, appeared in the Whig this morning. He gives the already published platform of the party, who will hold their convention here on the 1st of August, and says substantially, there are people in the State who regard the United States Government with hostility others of the States Government with hostility; others of the white population who do not, and few of the colored who ever did. He regards the Republican party as the one of progress, opposed by another who were in favor of the Confederacy and against the suffrage of the colored people. The object of the call for a convention was to do away with the parties, and strive in common for the general good. He believes the colored people express no desire to elect any but honest and capable men to office, and disclaims the intention of ruling them out of the convention who were engaged in the Rebellion. If they are in favor of the call they are invited to attend. The colored majority on the registration lists to-dry is two hundred and fifty. Accounts from the southwestern part of the State and valley show large majorities for the whites.

MADAME JUAREZ IN NEW ORLEANS.

The Wife of the Liberal President to be Furnished Transportation in a United States Vessel to Mexico-The Catter Wilderness Ordered to Wait for Her-The Austrian Troops in New Orleans. NEW ORLEANS, July 9,-M'me Juarez, the wife of the Mexican President, long expected by her friends, arrived here with an escort this evening, and is being feted at the Mexican Consul's. Among other distinguished Mexi-cans of her suite, Senor Romero is staying at

cans of her suite, Senor Romero is staying at the St. Charles Hotel. She was received very quietly, owing to the outburst of popular indignation elicited by the death of Maximilian not having yet subsided.

She will leave in the United States revenue cutter Wilderness, to-morrow morning, that vessel, notwithstanding all allegations to the contrary, and all insinuations of other pressingly important missions to Vera Cruz, having been detained, by an understanding with the been detained, by an understanding with the State Department, until her arrival. It is generally understood among the well informed that the ruse of the cutier leaving, or being about to leave, with important documents was an after thought, the United States authorities not caring, after what has occurred, to honor the wife of the Liberal President in so pro-

the wife of the Liberal President in so pronounced a manner.

This is, I am informed upon unquestionable
authority, the real gist of the muddle concerning the Wilderness, regarding which certain
telegrams have conveyed a false impression.
Collector Kellogg to-day received a telegram
from the Secretary of the Treasury asking for
information, and returned answer that the
documents were all on board, but that the vessel would wait.

ici would wait.
The Austrian Consul has received orders to provide subsistence for the Austrian soldiers; recently landed at Mobile, and they will be returned here in a day or two. The unfortunates are to be furnished with transportation from this place to Europe, or to be permitted to remain and settle in the country, as they may ndividually elect.

General Miapha on Hungarian Independence.

From I. Independence Belge, June 24.

We have received from General Klapka the subjoined epistle, which we gladly publish.—

Mr. Editui:—I have greeted with joy the restablishment of the constitution of my country. I have beheld with salisfaction the solemn act of the coronation, and, above all, have applauded the measures of justice and reconciliation, the adoption of which accompanied it. I trust that after our painful struggles and protracted suffering, a better era'ls about to dawn for Hungary, and believe it to be the duty of every good patriot to aid with his efforts and favor with his earnest prayers the work of political and material reconstruction.

After nincteen years' absence, it is natural that I should experience a great desire to revisit my country. I hope to return to my native land as soon as stress of private affairs will allow me to take my departure, and trust the reception extended me will be hearly and cordial. as soon as stress of private anairs will allow me
to take my departure, and trust the reception
extended me will be hearty and cordial.
Be kind enough, sir, to publish the foregoing
lines, receiving, with many thanks, the assurance of my high consideration.
Brussels, June 22, 1885. George Klapka.

-It is reported that the young Duke of Hamilton bet the Marquis of Hastings £20,000. that the latter would not win £20,000 at Ascot. The foolish young Duke—who is far on the road to ruin—loses the wager.

#### SPECIAL NOTICES.

GROCERS' AND BUTCHERS' RE-FRIGERATORS-Chean and good; warranted, and free from swest, or no sale.

HARRIS UNCLE SAM HOT-AIR RANGE, which is so admirably constructed that the cooking of a family, fustend of being a labor, is really a pleasan exercise,
Also, the NEW MAGLIOCCO HEATER, which is cheap, powerful in giving heat, and saving in coat.
B. S. HARRIS & CO.,
5163m4p No. 149 North NINTH Street.

NEWSPAPER ADVERTISING .- JOY COE & CO. Agents for the "TRLEGRAPH" and Newspaper Press of the whole country, have RE-MOVED from FIFTH and CHESNUT Streets to No 144 S. SIXTH Street second door above WALNUT. OFFICES:-No. 144 S. SIXTH Street, Philadelphi TRIBUNE BUILDINGS, New York.

FRIENDSHIP, DECATOR.
AMITY, MORNING STAR.
AND ENTERPRISE,

CAPE MAY ON WEDNESDAY, July 17. Tickels, \$175.
Children's Tickets, 90c.
Forsale at HALL N. SIXTH Street, of the Committee, and at No. 47 S. Second Street.
FINNEY'S BRASS AND STRING BAND ON THE OCCASION.
[7 10 5t]
Last Boat leaves Market Street Wharf at 6 A. M.

FAREWELL MISSIONARY MEETING. OF Wedne-day (this evening), loth instant, at the WEST SPRUCE STREET PRESSATTERIAN CHURCH core or of SPRUCE and SEVENTHENTH Striets, the Presbytery of Philadelphia will ordain Mr. FRANCIS HEYL Jr., to the work of the ministry, and discrise him to his chosen field of layor in Northern India. The services will begin at a quarter before 8 o'clock.

CENTRAL HIGH SCHOOL ALUMNI MEISTING,—The semi-annual Meeting of the Alumni Association of the Central High School will be held on WEDNESDAY EVENTN-1, July 10, CHARLES BUCKWALTER, President, JOHN F. McDEVITT, Secretary 7 8 2t

OFFICE OF THE FRANKFORD AND COMPANY.

All persons who are subscribers to or holders of the Capital Stock of tills Company, and who have not yet paid the eighth listalment of Five Dollars persons thereon are hereby notified that the eighth instalment has been called in, and that the eighth instalment has been called in, and that they are required to pay the same at the above office on WED-NESDAY, the but day of July, 197.

By resolution of the Board of Directors, 6 272w JACOB BINDER. President, PHILADELPHIA PASSENGER RAILWAY

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE Stackholders of the PARKER PETROLEUM COMPANY, whi be held at the Office, No. 429 WALF NUT Street, on the 18th inst. at 12 o'clock M., to take action on the reduction of Capital Stock and other 7 6 & ROBERT THOMPSON, Treasurer.

GEORGE W. FORD, DOCK STREET, one do r below Third, collects Bounty, Pen-sion; Radon Money, and all claims against the Gov-ernment. For a speedy settlement, call on Mr. F RD who is well versed with all the details of the

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.-THIS splendid Hair Dye is the best in the world. The only true and perfect Inco-Harmless, Reitable, Instantaneous. No disappointment. No ridiculous tints. Natural Black or Brown. Remedies the ill effects of Bod Dyes. Invigorates the hair, leaving it soft and beautiful. The genuine is signed WILLIAM A. BATCHELOR. All others are mere initiations, and should be avoided. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers. Factory. No. 81 BARCLAY birest, New York.

45fmw §

#### DIVIDENDS.

PHILADELPHIA AND READING RAILROAD COMPANY-OFFICE, No. 227 S. FCUUTH Sureet. PHILADELPHIA, June 26, 1867.

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Transfer Books of this Company will be closed on SATUKDAY, the 6th of July next, and be reopened on TUESDAY, July 16, 1867.

A Dividend of FIVE PER CENT has been declared on the Preferred and Common Stock, clear of National a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT has been declared on the Preferred and Common Stock, clear of National and State Taxes, payable in cash on and after the 15.h of July next to the holders thereof, as they shall stand registered on the books of the Company on the 5th of July next.

All orders for Dividends must be witnessed and stamped.

8. BRADFORD, 6.59500

OFFICE OF THE WEST PHILADEL-

OFFICE OF THE WEST PHILADELPHIA PASSENGER RAILWAY COMPANY, northwest corner of FORTY-PHRST and
HAVERFORD Streets.

PHILADELPHIA, July 9, 1867.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a
Semi-annual Dividend of
FIVE PER CENT,
ou the capital stock, clear of ail taxes, payable on
and after the 19th instant.

The Books for the Transfer of Stock will be closed
until that date.

SAMUEL P, HURN.

SAMUEL P. HURN. 7 10 wsm5t OFFICE PHILADELPHIA CITY PAS-

OHESNUT Street.

PHILADELPHIA. July 1, 1887.

At a meeting of the Board of Directors, held this date, a dividend of ONE DULLAR AND FIFTY CENTS per share was declared, payable to the Stockholders, or their legal representatives, on and after the 11th inst.

Transfer Books closed until 11th inst.

7 2 2w WM. W. COLE ET, Treasurer.

OFFICE OF THE INSURANCE COM-PARY OF NORTH AMERICA, No. 222 WALNUT Street.

PHILADELPHIA, July 8, 1867.

The Directors have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of SIX PER CENT., payable on demand, 7 8 2w CHARLES PLATT, Secretary,

THE CHICKERING PIANOS AT THE PARIS EXPOSITION A cable telegram aunounces that the

FIRST PREMIUM GRAND GOLD MEDAL

Has been awarded to Chickering & Sons, for the best Pianos: and also, that The Grand Devoration nd Medat of the Lepton of Honor has been conserred upon Mr. Colckering by the hands of the Empero of France, for entire superiority in Plano-fortes over all others exhibited at the Exposition WM. H. DUTTON.

NO. 914 CRESNUT ST. AN UNPRECEDENTED TRIUMPH.
TIE 1 11-CABLE DESPATCH, PARIS EXPOSITION, July 1, 1867:-

"STRINWAY & Sons, of New York "STRINMAY & SONS, OF New YORK, have been awarded by the Supreme Jury of the Exposition The First Gold Meral of Meant for the highest degree of perfection in grand, square, dut upright Planos and the most valuable inventions, showing the greatest progress in the construction of Plano-fortes, with the strongest indersement of the Supreme Inter-

In addition to the above, Steinway & Sons have re-In addition to the many ceived the following Cable despatch:—
"PARIS. July 4.

"The great Societe des Beaux Aria, of Paris, nave, after a careful examination of all the musical instruments exhibited at the Paris Exposition, awarded to STEIN WAY & BONS, of New York, their Grand Testimonial Metal, for greatest superiority and novelty of contraction in Pianos."

Warerooms, first floor of Steinway Hall, Nos. 71 and 73 East Fontisenth Street, between Fourth avenue and Irving place, New York.

32 4p PHILADELPHIA WAREROOMS,

No. 1006 CHESNUT STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICE

FRANK GRANELLO, TAILOR, No. 921 OHESNUT STREET,

(Formerly of No. 132 S. FOURTH Street). HAS JUST OPENED WITH AN ENTIRE NEW

STOCK OF CLOTHS, CASSIMERES AND VESTINGS

"ALL CAN HAVE BEAUTIFUL HAIR.

RICH GLOSS INSTEAD OF GREY DECAY!

LONDON HAIR COLOR RESTORER AND DRESSING. The only known Restorer of Color and Perfect Hair Dressing Combined.

NO MORE BALDNESS

GREY HAIR.

It never fails to impart life, growth, and vigor to the weakest hair, fastens and stops its falling, and is sure to produce a new growth of hair, causing it to ONLY 75 CENTS A BOTTLE. HALF A DOZEN, \$4.00. Bold at

DR. SWAYNE'S,

LIGHT

NO. 330 NORTH SIXTHSTREET, And all Druggists and Variety Stores. [36 tm with

FOR THE COUNTRY.



MACHINES

FOR PRIVATE RESUDENCES, MILLS, HOTELS, CHURCHES, ETC.,

FURNISHING FROM TEN TO SIX HUNDRED LIGHTS, AS MAY BE REQUIRED.

This machine is guaranteed; does not get out of order, and the time to manage it is about five minutes

The simplicity of this apparatus, its entire freedom from danger, the cheapness and quality of the light over all others, have gained for it the favorable opinion of those acquainted with its merits. The names of those having used them for the last three years will be given by calling at our OFFICE,

NO. 105 SOUTH FOURTH STREET, Where the machines can be seen in operation.

FERRIS & CO., Box 491 P. O. Send for a Pamphlet.

FARRELL & HERRING'S SAFES.

STORE, NO. 629 CHESNUT STREET. ANOTHER TRIUMPH. MORE TESTIMONY OF THEIR SALAMANDER VIRTUES.

Messrs, FARREL, HERRING & CO., Philadelphia: Gentlemen—On the 6th instant the large Four-story Iron-front Warehouse, then occupied by us as a first-class Liquor Store, was entirely destroyed by fire, and although the heat was intense, all our Papers. Books, and Accounts were preserved in good order in one of and Accounts were preserved in good order in one of your Sales.

The Safe, however, is not fit for use again: therefore we desire to get another from you, provided you will allow us something for the one we now have. None of the from work is broken from the Safe, but the sides are puffed out, knob broken off, and it is steamed inside; otherwise we believe it all right. We have had an experienced mechanic to examine it, and he gave it as his opinion that the Safe, as it now is, will not be reliable in another fire; but that, under the bands of Safe manufacturers, it can be made good spain; and he suggested the idea to us that you might allow us something for it, in our purchase of a new one. The Safe is a small one, and was purchased from you by Mt. William Johnson, formerly liquor dealer in this city, from whom we purchased it. The key is numbered 12017. Let us hear from you.

Very respectfully, your obedient servants.

Wholesale Liquor Dealers.

S. W. corner ROANOKE Square and W. WIDE WATER Street.
N. R.—We forgot to mention the fact that when the Sale was taken from the fire it was unlocked without difficulty by its own key.

7.10 ft

SUMMER TRAVEL

VIA NORTH PENNSYLVANIA BAILROAD. SHORTEST AND MOST PLEASANT ROUTE TO

MAUCH CHUNK, ALLENTOWN, ALLENTOWN, MOUNT CARMEL, HAZLETON, WILKESBARRE

And all points in the And all points in the LEHIGH, MAHAFOY, AND WYOMING VALLEYS Commodions Cars, Smooth Track, Fine Scenery, and Excellent Hotels are the specialties of this route.

Through to Wilkesbarre and Mauch Chunk without change of cars.

EXCURSION TICKETS. From Philadelphia to Principal Points, issued from the Ticker Offices Only, at Reduced Rates, on Saturdays, good to return till Monday evening.

EXCURSION TICKETS TO WILKESBARRE, Good for TFN DAYS, issued any day.

Through Trains leave the Depot. BERKS and AMERICAN streets, at 745 A. M., 120 P. M., and 820 P. M.

P. M.
For particulars see Time Table in daily papers.
E.L.IS CLARK, General Agent,
Philadelphia, July 1, 1887.
Tickets sold and Baggage Checked through to the
principal points at Mann's North Pennsylvania Baggage Express Office, No. 165 S. FIFTH St. 78-im

### PATEK PHILIPPE & CO.'S CELEBRATED WATCHES.

MADE EXPRESSLY FOR BAILEY & CO. SOIE AUTHORIZED AGENTS FOR PENA-NY LVANIA.

A full assortment of these TIME-KEEPERS No. 819 CHESNUT Street.

ROPER'S NEW AMERICAN BREECH-LOADING REPEATING SHOT

FIRING FOUR SHOTS IN TWO SECONDS,

Using ordinary Ammunition. Manufactured by the BOPER REPEATING RIFLE COMPANY, Amherst, Massachusetts, under personal supervision of C. M. SPENCER, Inventor of the famous SPENCER RIFLE, Send for circular. 5 36 5mrp

DELIGHTFUL SHADE, RE freshing breezes, and first close re-treshments in the Gardens at GLOUCESTER POINT. Boats leave foot of SOUTH Street daily every three-quarters of an hour.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVE PURCHASED THE

NEW SIX PER CENT. REGISTERED LOAN

OF THE LEHIGH COAL AND NAVIGA-TION COMPANY.

DUE IN 1897. INTEREST PAYABLE QUARTERLY, FREE OF UNITED STATES AND STATE

TAXES. AND OFFER IT FOR SALE AT THE LOW PRICE OF

#### NINETY-TWO.

AND ACCRUED INTEREST FROM MAY This LOAN is secured by a first mortgage on Company's Railroad, constructed and structed, extending from the southern boundaryof the borough of Mauch Chunk to the Delaware Biver at Easton, including their bridge across the saidriver now in process of construction, together with all the ng to the said Railroad and Bridge, Copies of the mortgage may be had on application

at the office of the Company, or o either of the under

[6 SIE

DREXEL & CO. E. W. CLARM & CO. JAY COOKE & CO.

W. H. NEWBOLD, SON & AERTSEN.

signed.

NATIONAL BANK OF THE REPUBLIC. 809 and 611 CHESNUT STREET.

PHILADELPHIA. CAPITAL.

DIRECTORS. Joseph T. Balley, Nathan Hilles, Benj, Rowiand, Jr., Samuel A. Biapham, Edward B. orne, William Ervien, Osgood Wesah, Frederick A. Hoyt, Wm. H. Rhawn.

WM. H. RHAWN, President, Late Oushier of the Central National Bank

JOS. P. MUMFORD Cashier. Late of the Philadelphia National Bank

## REMOVAL.

THE UNION NATIONAL BANK HAS REMOVED TO THE

S.E. CORNER OF THIRD AND ARCH STS., Where they will be located during the erection of their NEW BANKING HOUSE.

N. C. BUSSELMAN,



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STEAMBOAT COMPANIES. The undersigned beg leave to inform Proprietors of Hotels, Restaurants, and Steamboat Companies that they are now better prepared than ever to supply them with FIRST QUALITY HARD METAL SILVER SOLIDERED, TRIPLE-PLATED TABLE WARE, Viz.:—Forks and Spoons (heavy stock), Dinner and Tea Castors, Sugars, Creams, Bread and Oake Raskets, Pickle Jars, Side Dishee (ali sizes), Syrup Cups, Dinner, Dessert, and Tea Knives (plated or unpisted), and in fact everything required to turnish tables in the nost camplete manner.

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